

for the I land



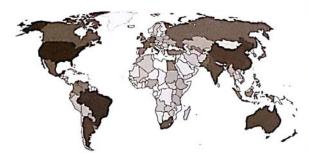
Brenda Corona

Green House Gasses (GHG)

- With the rapidly growing population, our planet cannot possibly hope to keep up with the high demand of animal products & the current state of agriculture.

- Demand for beef is specially high in the United States, Other major producers are Brazil & China, followed by Argentina, Australia & Inclia (according to this data base of 2014).

Beef and buffalo meat production, tonnes, 2014



No data 2.5 million t

(Wang, George C.) | Map: Ritcher, Hanna & Max Roser)

- Beef consumption is one of the biggest factors in our current climate crisis.

-Greenhouse emissions are 250 times higher due to the production of beef & lamb

- Beef uses 28 times more land than any other meat alternative.

- Reducing the amount of beef consumed could reduce a person's footprout far more greatly than not using a car.

Veganism & Vegetarian Diets for Global Impact

- Vegan diets would be most beneficial as it not only cuts meat, but daing and egg products as well reliminating the demand for livestock.

- A global vegetarian doet would be almost as efficient. Also reduces the demand for meat a most unimal products as well.

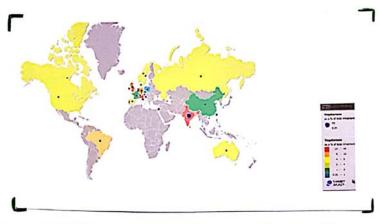
- Pescetarian & Mediterranean directs are other good afternationes decrease GHG. However not by much as the above.

> - Even an insect diet is packet with protean! And is far more sustainable to grow. (after getting over the whole "juck!" factor)

(Howard, Emma)

Gurrent World Map of Vegetarian Population %





-As for the current state, there isn't quite yet a significant vegetarian population (Global sense).

-Though there are some increasing to and mainly vegetaman lifestyles as seen in India, parts of South America & Europe.

■ 10-40% ■ 6-10% □ 4-6% ■ 2-4% ■ 1-2% ■ 0.30-1%

Sustainability (source: Tirado-von der Pahlen, Christian)

- •19%-29% of human GHG emissions are due to production & consumption of food.
- · Food production & consumption is also responsible for up to 60% of loss in biodivorsity.
- Around 795 million people are being left hungry as a result of our current global food system (other contributing factors to poor diets are such things as globalization, urbanization, lifestyle changes & Economic development).
- Recommendations to improve sustainability would be to improve local food production, preservation & transportation of crops (which leads to reduced maste).
- o Creating international guidelines for healthy &
 sustainable doets can help for people to make better choices
 in what they consume locally in their communities
 or country in general.
- . The goal of sustainability is to improve food security and to help combat climate change & its effects!



Sources

(I understand it said to write the sources on the poster as well but I could not find a way to fit it all in without it looking far too messy and overwhelming. Thus, all are nice and organized here in the summary. In case the maps are a bit difficult to see or it is hard to read I'd be happy to hand the poster in person!)

Wang, George C. "Go Vegan, Save the Planet". *CNN*, Turner Broadcasting System, 9 April 2017, www.cnn.com/2017/04/08/opinions/go-vegan-save-the-planet-wang/index.html.

Howard, Emma. "Insects Should Be Part of a Sustainable Diet in Future, Says Report." *The Guardian*, Guardian News and Media, 5 Nov. 2015, https://www.theguardian.com/environment/2015/nov/05/eating-insects-should-part-sustainable-diet-future-report.

Tirado-von der Pahlen, Cristina. "Sustainable Diets for Healthy People and a Healthy Planet." UNSCN, Aug. 2017, https://www.unscn.org/uploads/web/news/document/Climate-Nutrition-Paper-EN-WEB.pdf

For Maps

Ritchie, Hanna, and Max Roser. "Meat and Seafood Production & Consumption." *Our World in Data*, Aug. 2017, ourworldindata.org/meat-and-seafood-production-consumption.

"Vegetarians by Country." World Map of World Population Growth Rate by Country - TargetMap, www.targetmap.com/viewer.aspx?reportId=15061.