# Foothill College Student Equity Plan

**November 21, 2014** 

## FOOTHILL COLLEGE STUDENT EQUITY PLAN

#### **Table of Contents**

## **Signature Page**

## **Executive Summary**

**Target Groups** 

Goals

Activities

Resources

Contact Person/Student Equity Coordinator

## **Campus-Based Research**

Overview

**Indicator Definitions and Data** 

Access

Course Completion (*Retention*)

ESL and Basic Skills Completion

Degree and Certificate Completion

Transfer

## **Goals and Activities**

Access

Course Completion (Retention)

ESL and Basic Skills Completion

Degree and Certificate Completion

Transfer

## **Budget**

Sources of Funding

## **Evaluation Schedule and Process**

**Attachments** (Optional)

# Foothill College Student Equity Plan Signature Page

District: Foothill-De Anza Community College District  Trustees:  Date Approved by Board of
College President: Dr. Judy Miner
Vice President of Student Services: Dr. Denise Swett
Vice President of Instruction: Dr. Kimberlee Messina
Academic Senate President:
Student Equity Coordinator/Contact Person: Erica Onugha

## **Executive Summary**

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Target Groups
Goals
Activities
Resources
Contact Person/Student Equity Coordinator

## **Target Groups**

Foothill College's current target groups, as identified in the Strategic Educational Master Plan, are African American, Hispanic/Latino, and Filipino/Pacific Islander students. The data analysis performed in the development of the 2014 Student Equity Plan confirmed the necessity of focusing on these ethnic groups as it revealed significant achievement gaps that particularly affect African American, Hispanic/Latino, and Filipino/Pacific Islander students.

#### Goals

While there is much work to be done in all areas, the Student Equity Workgroup has decided to focus its immediate attention on increasing course completion rates for these three ethnic groups and on collaborating with the Office of Research and related departments to better understand how to improve sequence completion rates in ESL and Basic Skills English and Math. The expectation is that what is learned from the efforts to increase the success rates for these three ethnic groups can be applied to help all students in the future.

The Student Equity Workgroup proposes that in the first three-year period from 2014-2015 through 2016-2017, the entire campus will work to achieve a three percent (3%) increase in course completion success rates for African American, Hispanic/Latino and Filipino/Pacific Islander students over fall 2013 figures.

Other high-priority goals in the Student Equity Plan focus on additional research and collaboration that is needed to inform future goals and implementation efforts. The primary research and collaborations goals are to: (1) coordinate with the Office of Research to gather more data to better understand the course success rates and probation rates for African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Filipino/Pacific Islander students and explore possible causes and/or correlations for the disproportionate impacts, (2) coordinate with the Office of Research to understand why males are more likely to end up on probation even though there is relative parity in the course success rates for males and females, (3) coordinate with the Office of Research and other campus departments to identify possible reasons why African American, Hispanic/Latino, and Filipino/Pacific Islander students and students aged 20-24 experience disproportionate impacts as they attempt to complete Basic Skills English, Math or ESL courses sequences and (4) identify, support and build on efforts already being implemented to mitigate disproportionate impact in these programs.

The primary goal of increasing course completion success rates for these three ethnic groups will immediately and directly reduce the achievement gap and incidents of

disproportionate impact on campus. The research and collaboration goals will generate the information needed to develop and implement future plans and goals that will ultimately improve the completion rates in Basic Skills English, Math and ESL courses.

Activities:

**ACTIVITY B.1: Course Completion** 

#### Year 1

## **High Priority**

- Identify specific activities that will increase the course success rates of African-American, Latino and Filipino/Pacific Islander students by 3% within three (3) years over fall 2013 figures.
- Collaborate with the Program Review Committee to identify programs/disciplines with low success rates for African-American, Latino, and Filipino/Pacific Islander students. Then help program faculty, staff and administrators to identify potential interventions and create a plan for increasing the success of these students.
- Work with President's Office to determine whether Foothill College can participate in the Student Equity Scorecard through the USC Center for Urban Excellence.
- Collaborate with the Office of Research to formulate an equity research plan that will answer the following questions:
  - What are the possible causes and/or correlations for the decreased course success and increased probation rates for African-American, Latino, Pacific Islander and Filipino students?
  - What effect, if any, does course delivery modality (e.g. face-to-face versus hybrid) have on these rates?
  - What effect, if any, does the course discipline have on these rates?
  - What effect, if any, does a student's completion of English or math have on these rates?
  - What effect, if any, does the number of hours a student work have on these rates?
  - Which courses, modalities and disciplines have high success rates? Which factors contribute to those success rates?
- Conduct a literature review to identify teaching and learning practices that promote course success. In particular, the Student Equity Workgroup will identify which strategies are feasible for quick and/or longer term piloting at Foothill?

## **Medium Priority**

- The Student Equity Workgroup may consider sending at least one representative to:
  - the RP Group's (The Research & Planning Group for California Community Colleges) Student Success Conference in October 2014
  - o the Association of American Colleges and Universities annual meeting

- Implement research agenda and then identify specific goals and activities based on new data.
- Implement activities to increase the course success rates of African-American, Latino and Filipino/Pacific Islander students by 3% over fall 2013 figures.

#### Year 3

- Start implementing new goals based on new data.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of activities designed to increase the course success rates of African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Filipino/Pacific Islander students by 3% over fall 2013 figures.

## **ACTIVITY C.1**: ESL and Basic Skills Completion

#### Year 1

- Coordinate with the Office of Research to develop a research project to understand why African American, Hispanic/Latino, Filipino/Pacific Islander students and students aged 20-24 experience disproportionate impacts when attempting to complete ESL and Basic Skills course sequences.
- Collaborate with math, English and ESLL faculty to understand barriers to success in these programs, identify current intervention efforts, and identify how the Student Equity Workgroup can support and build on these efforts.

#### Year 2

• Implement research agenda and then identify specific goals and activities based on new data.

#### Year 3

- Start implementing new goals based on new data.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of activities selected in year 2.

# **Budget**

#### **SOURCES OF FUNDING**

President Miner has given the Student Equity Workgroup a one-time donation of \$5,000 to establish and begin the implementation of the various activities necessary to achieve the goals outlined in the Student Equity Plan. Beyond those one-time funds, the Student Equity

Workgroup will have to identify additional resources--either through the campus-wide budget and resource allocation process or through other campus mission-based workgroups--to accomplish its goals.

## **Evaluation Schedule and Process**

#### **EVALUATION SCHEDULE AND PROCESS**

The Student Equity Workgroup reports its activities to the campus governance body, the Planning and Resource Council (PARC), twice a year. At the beginning of each year each workgroup creates and shares its objectives for the coming academic year. At the end of the year each workgroup reflects on its objectives and whether it achieved all of the goals that were set in the fall term.

Now that the Student Equity Plan is under the charge of the Student Equity Workgroup, the Student Equity Workgroup objectives will mirror the goals and activities outlined for each year in the Student Equity Plan. As a result, the Student Equity Workgroup will evaluate whether the campus is making adequate progress to achieve the outlined goals on an annual basis when the Student Equity Workgroup releases its annual reflection. By tying the evaluation schedule of the goals and activities identified in the Student Equity Plan to the existing campus governance structure, process and timeline, the Student Equity Workgroup will be required to update the campus on annual basis of the current campus equity efforts as well as whether the campus is meetings its annual equity goals. The expectation is that building equity efforts into the campus governance structure will build in campus-wide accountability through automatic and periodic campus updates.

## **Attachments**

**ATTACHMENTS** 

## **Campus-Based Research**

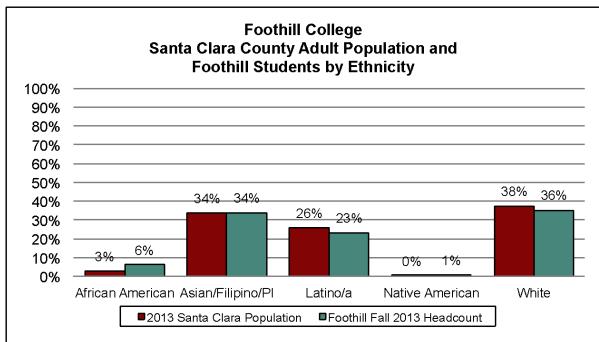
#### **CAMPUS-BASED RESEARCH**

**A.** ACCESS. Compare the percentage of each population group that is enrolled to the percentage of each group in the adult population within the community served.

**Access: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY** 

# Figure A-1. Santa Clara County Adult Population and Foothill Students by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

The percentage of Foothill students identifying as African American and Native American is higher than the percentage of the Santa Clara County adult population. Asian/Filipino/Pacific Islander representation is equal to the county population while Latino/a and White representation is slightly lower than the corresponding adult population.



Multi-ethnic and unrecorded not reported to maintain consistency between with Santa Clara County and Foothill figures. Adult population is defined as age 18 and older.

Source: CA Dept of Finance Population Projects, P-3 Report; FHDA IR&P FH Fall 2013 Factsheet

Table A-2. Foothill College Adult Population and Student Enrollment by Ethnicity, 2013

	Adult Count	Adult Rate	Student Count	Student Rate
African American	38,070	2.77%	770	6.17%
Asian/Filipino/PI	464,553	33.76%	4,252	34.07%
Latino/a	352,509	25.62%	2,921	23.41%
Native American	3,283	0.24%	102	0.82%
White	517,436	37.61%	4,435	35.54%
Total	1,375,851	100.00%	12,480	100.00%

Note: Multi-ethnic and unknown/unreported not reported to maintain consistency between Santa Clara County and Foothill figures. Adult population is defined as age 18 and older.

Source: CA Dept of Finance Population Projects, P-3 Report; FHDA IR&P FH Fall 2013 Factsheet

Table A-3. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Student Enrollment by Ethnicity, 2013

	Adult Count % Student Count %		Population
			Proportionality
African American	2.77%	6.17%	2.23
Asian/Filipino/PI	33.76%	34.07%	1.01
Latino/a	25.62%	23.41%	0.91
Native American	0.24%	0.82%	3.43
White	37.61%	35.54%	0.94

Source: CA Dept of Finance Population Projects, P-3 Report; FHDA IR&P FH Fall 2013 Factsheet

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that while African American and Native American students are overrepresented with respect to our service area, our campus enrollment is mostly proportionate to the Santa Clara County population. Our district service area includes Los Altos, Los Altos Hills, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Sunnyvale, Cupertino, parts of San Jose. Although Latinos students are underrepresented in comparison to the Santa Clara County, they are slightly overrepresented when just viewing the district service area.

Table A-4. Foothill College Student Enrollment and 80% Index by Ethnicity, 2012-13

	Adult Count	Student Rate	Population Rate	80% index
African American	38,070	770	2.02%	1.00
Asian/Filipino/PI	464,553	4,252	0.92%	0.45
Latino/a	352,509	2,921	0.83%	0.41
White	517,436	4,435	0.86%	0.42

Note: Removed Native Americans as reference group because counts are small (FH N=102). Source: CA Dept of Finance Population Projects, P-3 Report; FHDA IR&P FH Fall 2013 Factsheet

#### **Analysis:**

Although the 80% index indicates that student enrollment by ethnicity is mostly proportionate to our service area, the 80% index may not be the best indicator here as the reference group is overrepresented by about 50% relative to its population in the county.

**Access: Data and Analysis by GENDER** 

Table A-5. Foothill College Enrollment and Financial Aid Counts and Percentages by Gender, 2012-13

	Student Count	Student Rate	Financial Aid Count	Financial Aid Percent
Female	14,273	52.67%	3,921	58.33%
Male	12,824	47.33%	2,801	41.67%
Total	27,097	100.00%	6,722	100.00%

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

Table A-6. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Financial Aid Rates by Gender, 2012-13

	Student %	Financial Aid %	Financial Aid Proportionality
Female	52.67%	58.33%	1.11
Male	47.33%	41.67%	0.88

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

#### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that men are somewhat underrepresented among financial aid recipients.

Table A-7. Foothill College Financial Aid and 80% Index by Gender, 2012-13

	Enrollment	Financial	Financial Aid	80% index
	Count	Aid Count	Rate	00% index
Female	14,273	3,921	100.00%	1.00
Male	12,824	2,801	71.44%	0.71

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that men shows that men are somewhat underrepresented among financial aid recipients. It is unclear whether this is an area of concern, however, as male students are not a historically underrepresented group and there are many external factors--such as parents' income--that determines financial aid eligibility.

Table A-8. Foothill College Enrollment and Financial Aid Counts and Percentages by Ethnicity, 2012-13

	Student	Student	Financial Aid	Financial
	Count	Rate	Count	Aid Rate
African American	1470	5.42%	760	11.31%
American Indian	197	0.73%	57	0.85%
Asian	7,010	25.87%	1,536	22.85%
Filipino	1175	4.34%	372	5.53%
Hispanic	5,234	19.32%	2,007	29.86%
Pacific Islander	301	1.11%	136	2.02%
White	10,104	37.29%	1,635	24.32%
Unknown	1,606	5.93%	219	3.26%
Total	27,097	100.00%	6,722	100.00%

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

Table A-9. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Financial Aid Rates by Ethnicity, 2012-13

	Student %	Financial Ald %	Financial Aid Proportionality
African American	5.42%	11.31%	2.08
American Indian	0.73%	0.85%	1.17
Asian	25.87%	22.85%	0.88
Filipino	4.34%	5.53%	1.28
Hispanic	19.32%	29.86%	1.55
Pacific Islander	1.11%	2.02%	1.82
White	37.29%	24.32%	0.65
Unknown	5.93%	3.26%	0.55

### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that historically underrepresented groups are accessing Financial Aid at rates above their representation in the overall student population. Even though the proportionality index is below 1 for Asian, White and Unknown students, we don't feel that there is a disproportionate impact in this case because financial aid eligibility is determined by family income and citizenship status. Speculations about the differences in access to financial aid may reflect that many of our students--especially Latino and African-American students--are coming from outside of our service area, which has a higher average income than many other cities in our county.

Table A-10. Foothill College Financial Aid and 80% Index by Ethnicity, 2012-13

	Student	Financial Aid	Financial Aid	80% index
	Count	Count	Rate	00% index
African American	1470	760	51.70%	1.00
American Indian	197	57	28.93%	0.56
Asian	7,010	1,536	21.91%	0.42
Filipino	1175	372	31.66%	0.61
Hispanic	5,234	2,007	38.35%	0.74
Pacific Islander	301	136	45.18%	0.87
White	10,104	1,635	16.18%	0.31
Unknown	1,606	219	13.64%	0.26

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that historically underrepresented groups are accessing Financial Aid at rates above their representation in the overall student population. However, this may not be an area of concern because financial aid eligibility is determined by family income and citizenship status.

## **Goals and Activities**

#### **GOALS AND ACTIVITIES**

#### A. STUDENT SUCCESS INDICATOR FOR ACCESS

"Compare the percentage of each population group that is enrolled to the percentage of each group in the adult population within the community serve"

#### GOAL A.

• There are no significant instances of disproportionate impact in enrollment and our enrollment adequately reflects our service area. While there are instances of disproportionate impact by ethnicity in the distribution of financial aid, there are number of external factors that may affect this outcome. Thus, no access goals have been identified at this time although the Student Equity Workgroup will shares its findings with the Financial Aid Office to determine whether additional research or action is necessary and warranted. Given the more severe instances of disproportionate impact for other indicators that can be addressed by direct actions by college practices and policies, no access goals have been identified at this time.

**ACTIVITY A.1** (Please include the target date in chronological order and identify the responsible person/group for each activity)

• No activities have been selected.

#### **EXPECTED OUTCOME A.1.1**

None

#### CAMPUS-BASED RESEARCH

**A. COURSE COMPLETION.** Ratio of the number of credit courses that students by population group actually complete by the end of the term compared to the number of courses in which students in that group are enrolled on the census day of the term.

**Course Completion: Data and Analysis by GENDER** 

Table B-1. Foothill College Cohort and Course Completion Counts and Percentages by Gender, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	17,223	50.19%	13,015	50.77%
Male	16,842	49.08%	12,414	48.42%
Unknown	248	0.72%	207	0.81%
Total	34,313	100.00%	25,636	100.00%

Source: CCCCO Data Mart

Table B-2. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Course Completion Rates by Gender, Fall 2013

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
Female	50.19%	50.77%	1.01
Male	49.08%	48.42%	0.99
Unknown	0.72%	0.81%	1.12

Source: CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

While the proportionality index shows that those students with an unknown/undeclared gender are more likely to complete their course(s) compared to females and males, the rate of completion for all three groups are fairly comparable, indicating that there is **no disproportionate impact.** 

Table B-3. Foothill College Course Completion Rates and 80% Index by Gender, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Success	Cuscoss Data	80%index	
	Count	Count	Success Rate		
Female	17,223	13,015	75.57%	0.91	
Male	16,842	12,414	73.71%	0.88	
Unknown	248	207	<b>83.47</b> %	1.00	

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that those students with an unknown or undeclared gender are more likely to complete their course(s) compared to females and males; hence, the unknown group serves as the reference group. In comparison to the reference group, both females and males met the 80% threshold, indicating there is **no disproportionate impact**.

## **Course Completion: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY**

Table B-4. Foothill College Course Completion Counts and Percentages by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cuccos Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
African-American	1,429	4.16%	778	3.03%
American Indian	78	0.23%	63	0.25%
Asian	9,229	26.90%	7,269	28.35%
Hispanic	7,697	22.43%	5,121	19.98%
Multi-Ethnicity	1,811	5.28%	1,272	4.96%
Pacific Islander	346	1.01%	193	0.75%
Unknown	2,572	7.50%	2,149	8.38%
W hite Non-Hispanic	11,151	32.50%	8,791	34.29%
Total	34,313	100.00%	25,636	100.00%

Source: CCCCO Data Mart

Table B-5. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Course Completion Rates by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
African-American	4.16%	3.03%	0.73
American Indian	0.23%	0.25%	1.08
Asian	26.90%	28.35%	1.05
Hispanic	22.43%	19.98%	0.89
Multi-Ethnicity	5.28%	4.96%	0.94
Pacific Islander	1.01%	0.75%	0.75
Unknown	7.50%	8.38%	1.12
White Non-Hispanic	32.50%	34.29%	1.06

## **Analysis:**

This proportionality index shows that students of African-American and Pacific Island descent are significantly less likely to successfully complete their courses relative to students of other ethnicities. Hispanic students are also less likely to complete courses successfully with a proportionality rate of 0.89. These data suggest that African-American and Pacific Islander students are being disproportionately impacted in a negative way, and that Hispanic students may be as well.

Students who identify themselves as American Indians, Asians, White (Non-Hispanic) or unknown descent are slightly more likely to succeed; however, their rates are comparable suggesting no disproportionate impact among these four groups.

Table B-6. Foothill College Course Completion Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Success Count	Success Data	80%index
	Count	Success Count	Success rate	ou 7011 luex
African-American	1,429	778	54.44%	0.65
American Indian	78	63	80.77%	0.97
Asian	9,229	7,269	78.76%	0.94
Hispanic	7,697	5,121	66.53%	0.80
Multi-Ethnicity	1,811	1,272	70.24%	0.84
Pacific Islander	346	193	55.78%	0.67
Unknown	2,572	2,149	<b>83.55</b> %	1.00
White Non-Hispanic	11,151	8,791	78.84%	0.94

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that the course success rates by ethnicity are highest among the "unknown" ethnicity cohort and thus they serve as the reference group. African-American and Pacific Islander students fall well below the 80% marker at 0.65 and 0.67, respectively. Students of Hispanic origin are right at 0.80, but should be included as one of the groups experiencing a disproportionate impact in course success.

Course Completion: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table B-7. Foothill College Course Completion Counts and Percentages by Age, Fall 2013

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
19 and under	9,833	28.66%	7,469	29.13%
20 - 24	12,979	37.83%	9,138	35.65%
25 - 49	10,269	29.93%	8,022	31.29%
50 and older	1,232	3.59%	1,007	3.93%
Total	34,313	100.00%	25,636	100.00%

Source: CCCCO Data Mart

Table B-8. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Course Completion Rates by Age, Fall 2013

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
19 and under	28.66%	29.13%	1.02
20 - 24	37.83%	35.65%	0.94
25 - 49	29.93%	31.29%	1.05
50 and older	3.59%	3.93%	1.09

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index indicates that all age cohorts have similar completion rates and that there is **no disproportionate impact** occurring.

Table B-9. Foothill College Course Completion Rates and 80% Index by Age, Fall 2013

80% index
0.93
0.86
0.96
1.00

Source: CCCCO Data Mart

#### **Analysis:**

Students in the 50+ age cohort have the highest success and thus serve as the reference group for the 80% index analysis. Although students ages 20-24 have a slightly lower success rate relative to the students in the other cohorts, their rate is still well above the 80% threshold at 0.86. This is an area to watch moving forward, but since there is no instance of disproportionate impact right now it does not seem worthy of significant attention at this point.

**Probation: Data and Analysis by GENDER** 

Table B-10. Foothill College Enrollment and Probation Counts and Percentages by Gender, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Drobation Count	Probation
	Count	Rate	Probation Count	Rate
Female	7,242	54.31%	248	46.01%
Male	6,093	45.69%	291	53.99%
Total	13,335	100.00%	539	100.00%

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

Table B-11. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Probation Rates by Gender, Fall 2013

	Cohort %	Probation %	Probation
	COHOIC 70	TTOBALIOTT 70	Proportionality
Female	54.31%	46.01%	0.85
Male	45.69%	53.99%	1.18

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that male students are on probation at a rate significantly higher than that of female students.

Table B-12. Foothill College Probation Rates and 80% Index by Gender, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Probation	Probation Rate	80%index
	Count	Count	Probatorrate	007011 IUEX
Female	7,242	248	3.42%	0.72
Male	6,093	291	<b>4.78</b> %	100

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

#### **Analysis:**

Since males have the highest rate of probation, they serve as the reference group for our 80% analysis. The 80% index indicates that female students are on probation significantly less than male students. This again suggests that males are on probation at a rate disproportionately higher than are females. It is also interesting that this discrepancy was not as pronounced in the course success data.

## **Probation: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY**

Table B-13. Foothill College Enrollment and Probation Counts and Percentages by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Enrollment	D 1 11 0 1	Probation
	Count	Rate	Probation Count	Rate
African American	770	5.77%	56	10.39%
American Indian	102	0.76%	2	0.37%
Asian	3,361	25.20%	82	15.21%
Filipino	699	5.24%	37	6.86%
Hispanic	2,922	21.91%	198	36.73%
Pacific Islander	192	1.44%	17	3.15%
White	4,430	33.22%	125	23.19%
Unknown	859	6.44%	22	4.08%
Total	13,335	100.00%	539	100.00%

Source: FHDA IR&P, ODS

Table B-14. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Probation Rates by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

	Enrollment %	Drobation %	Probation		
		Probalion %	Proportionality		
African American	5.77%	10.39%	1.80		
American Indian	0.76%	0.37%	0.49		
Asian	25.20%	15.21%	0.60		
Filipino	5.24%	6.86%	1.31		
Hispanic	21.91%	36.73%	1.68		
Pacific Islander	1.44%	3.15%	2.19		
White	33.22%	23.19%	0.70		
Unknown	6.44%	4.08%	0.63		
Source: FHDA IR&P ODS					

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index reveals that Pacific Islander students are on probation far more than other groups! Hispanic and African American students are also on probation at relatively higher rate, which indicates a disproportionate impact. While Filipinos are also disproportionately impacted, the disparity is less pronounced although it still warrants attention.

Table B-15. Foothill College Probation Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity, Fall 2013

	Enrollment	Probation	Probation Rate 80%ind	
	Count	Count	Probation Rate	80%index
African American	770	56	7.27%	0.82
American Indian	102	2	1.96%	0.22
Asian	3,361	82	2.44%	0.28
Filipino	699	37	5.29%	0.60
Hispanic	2,922	198	6.78%	0.77
Pacific Islander	192	17	8.85%	100
White	4,430	125	2.82%	0.32
Unknown	859	22	2.56%	0.29
Source: FHDA II	R&P, ODS			

#### **Analysis:**

The 80% index also reveals that Pacific Islander students are on probation far more than other groups while Hispanic and African American students are also on probation at relatively higher rate, which indicates a disproportionate impact. While Filipinos are also disproportionately impacted, the disparity is less pronounced although it still warrants attention.

#### GOALS AND ACTIVITIES

#### B. STUDENT SUCCESS INDICATOR FOR COURSE COMPLETION

"Ratio of the number of credit courses that students by population group actually complete by the end of the term compared to the number of courses in which students in that group are enrolled on the census day of the term"

#### GOAL B.

#### Summary:

Both the proportionality and 80% indices reveal disproportionate impacts for African-American, Hispanic/Latino, and Filipino/Pacific Islander students in course completion and probation rates. Filipino students experience a disproportionate impact with respect to probation rates and may also experience a disproportionate impact in course success rates; additional research that disaggregates Filipino students from the larger Asian population is necessary to determine whether this is actually the case.

#### Goals:

- Coordinate with the Office of Research to gather more data to better understand the course success rates and probation rates for African-American, Hispanic/Latino, and Filipino/Pacific Islander students and explore possible causes and/or correlations for the disproportionate impacts.
- Understand why males are more likely to end up on probation while there is relative parity in the course success rates for males and females.

**ACTIVITY B.1** (Please include the target date in chronological order and identify the responsible person/group for each activity)

#### Year 1

**High Priority** 

- Identify specific activities that will increase the course success rates of African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Pacific Islander students by 3% within three (3) years over fall 2013 figures.
- The Student Equity Workgroup will review Program Reviews to identify programs/disciplines with low success rates for African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Pacific Islander students and then create a plan for increasing the success of students.
- Work with President's Office to determine whether Foothill College can participate in the Student Equity Scorecard through the USC Center for Urban Excellence.
- Coordinate with the Office of Research to formulate an equity research plan that will answer the following questions:
  - What are the possible causes and/or correlations for the decreased course success and increased probation rates for African-American, Latino, Pacific Islander and Filipino students?

- Does disaggregating international students from local students reveal any new information or insights about course success rates?
- What effect, if any, does course delivery modality (e.g. face-to-face versus hybrid) have on these rates?
- What effect, if any, does the course discipline have on these rates?
- What effect, if any, does a student's completion of English or math have on these rates?
- What effect, if any, does the number of hours a student work have on these rates?
- Which courses, modalities and disciplines have high success rates? Which factors contribute to those success rates?
- The Student Equity Workgroup will conduct a literature review to identify teaching and learning practices that promote course success. In particular, the Student Equity Workgroup will identify which strategies are feasible for quick and/or longer term piloting at Foothill.

### **Medium Priority**

- The Student Equity Workgroup may consider sending at least one representative to:
  - the RP Group's (The Research & Planning Group for California Community Colleges) Student Success Conference in October 2014
  - o the Association of American Colleges and Universities annual meeting

#### Year 2

#### **High Priority**

- Implement research agenda and then identify specific goals and activities based on new data.
- Implement activities to increase the course success rates of African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Pacific Islander students by 3% within three (3) years over fall 2013 figures.

#### Year 3

#### **High Priority**

- Start implementing new goals based on new data.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of activities designed to increase the course success rates of African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Pacific Islander students by 3% within three (3) years over fall 2013 rates.

#### **EXPECTED OUTCOME B.1.1**

• By June 30, 2015, the Student Equity Workgroup will have identified at least two factors that may begin to explain the disproportionately lower success rates for African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Filipino/Pacific Islander students.

- By June 30, 2016, the Student Equity Workgroup will have implemented at least one activity to increase the course success rates of African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Pacific Islander students.
- By June 30, 2017, the Student Equity Workgroup will expect to see a 3% increase in the course success rates of African-American, Hispanic/Latino and Pacific Islander students over fall 2013 figures.

#### **CAMPUS-BASED RESEARCH**

## A. ESL and BASIC SKILLS COMPLETION.

Ratio of the number of students by population group who complete a degree-applicable course after having completed the final ESL or basic skills course compared to the number of those students who complete such a final course.

## **ESL Completion: Data and Analysis by GENDER**

Table C-1. Foothill College ESL Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Gender

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	220	60.27%	94	63.51%
Male	145	39.73%	54	36.49%
Total	365	100.00%	148	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-2. Foothill College Proportionality Index of ESL Completion Rates by Gender

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
			Proportionality
Female	60.27%	63.51%	1.05
Male	39.73%	36.49%	0.92

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that the rate of ESL course completion for both genders is comparable, which indicates that there is **no disproportionate impact**.

Table C-3. Foothill College ESL Completion Rates and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	90% index
	Count	Count	Success Nate	007011 IUEX
Female	220	94	42.73%	1.00
Male	145	54	37.24%	0.87

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that the rate of ESL course completion for both genders is comparable, which indicates that there is **no disproportionate impact**.

## **ESL Completion: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY**

Table C-4. Foothill College ESL Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
African American	4	1.10%	1	0.68%
American Indian	1	0.27%	0	0.00%
Asian	148	40.55%	89	60.14%
Filipino	2	0.55%	0	0.00%
Hispanic	134	36.71%	31	20.95%
Pacific Islander	2	0.55%	1	0.68%
White	52	14.25%	18	12.16%
Unknown	22	6.03%	8	5.41%
Total	365	100.00%	148	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-5. Foothill College Proportionality Index of ESL Completion Rates by Ethnicity

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOL 76	Success %	Proportionality
African American	1.10%	0.68%	0.62
American Indian	0.27%	0.00%	0.00
Asian	40.55%	60.14%	1.48
Filipino	0.55%	0.00%	0.00
Hispanic	36.71%	20.95%	0.57
Pacific Islander	0.55%	0.68%	1.23
White	14.25%	12.16%	0.85
Unknown	6.03%	5.41%	0.90

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that the rate of completion for Asian, White and Unknown students are more likely to successfully complete ESL courses while all other ethnic groups are much well below .80 suggesting there is a disproportionate impact.

Table C-6. Foothill College ESL Completion Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Success	Cussess Data 200/ inc	
	Count	Count	Success Rate	80%index
African American	4	1	25.00%	0.42
American Indian	1	0	0.00%	0.00
Asian	148	89	<b>60.14</b> %	1.00
Filipino	2	0	0.00%	0.00
Hispanic	134	31	23.13%	0.38
Pacific Islander	2	1	50.00%	0.83
White	52	18	34.62%	0.58
Unknown	22	8	36.36%	0.60

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis**:

The 80% index shows that in comparison to the reference group, Asian students, all other ethnicities (except Pacific Islanders) do not meet the 80% threshold, indicating there is significant disproportionate impact for African American, Hispanic, White and Unknown students.

## ESL Completion: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table C-7. Foothill College ESL Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Age

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
19 and under	86	23.56%	63	42.57%
20 - 24	92	25.21%	45	30.41%
25 - 49	168	46.03%	40	27.03%
50 and older	19	5.21%	0	0.00%
Total	365	100.00%	148	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-8. Foothill College Proportionality Index of ESL Completion Rates by Age

	Cabart 9/	Cussess 0/	Completion
	Cohort %	Success %	Proportionality
19 and under	23.56%	42.57%	1.81
20 - 24	25.21%	30.41%	1.21
25 - 49	46.03%	27.03%	0.59
50 and older	5.21%	0.00%	0.00

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that students in the 25-49 age group are less likely to complete their course(s) compared to the other age groups, suggesting there is a disproportionate impact.

Table C-9. Foothill College ESL Completion Rates and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
19 and under	86	63	73.26%	1.00
20 - 24	92	45	48.91%	0.67
25 - 49	168	40	23.81%	0.33
50 and older	19	0	0.00%	0.00

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that those students who are 19 and under are more likely to complete their course(s) compared to the other age groups; hence, the 19 and under group serves as the reference group. In comparison to the reference group, none of the other age groups do not meet the 80% threshold, indicating there is significant disproportionate impact for students 20-24, 25-49, and 50 and older.

ESL Completion: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS

Table C-10. Foothill College ESL Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Disability Status

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
Yes	5	1.37%	2	1.35%
No	360	98.63%	146	98.65%
Total	365	100.00%	148	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-11. Foothill College Proportionality Index of ESL Completion Rates by Disability Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOIT 76	Success 70	Proportionality
Yes	1.37%	1.35%	0.99
No	98.63%	98.65%	1.00

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** by disability status.

Table C-12. Foothill College ESL Completion Rates and 80% Index by Disability Status

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Yes	5	2	40.00%	0.99
No	360	146	40.56%	1.00

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

### Analysis:\_\_\_\_

The 80% index also confirms that there is **no disproportionate impact** by disability status.

## ESL Completion: Data and Analysis by ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STATUS

Table C-13. Foothill College ESL Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cussess Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	105	28.77%	35	23.65%
No	260	71.23%	113	76.35%
Total	365	100.00%	148	100.00%

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-14. Foothill College Proportionality Index of ESL Completion Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOIC 76	Success 70	Proportionality
Yes	28.77%	23.65%	0.82
No	71.23%	76.35%	1.07

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that economically disadvantaged students are less likely to complete ESL courses and thus experience a disproportionate impact.

Table C-15. Foothill College ESL Completion Rate and 80% Index by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80% index	
	Count	Count	Success Nate	00 /011 IUCX	
Yes	105	35	33.33%	0.77	
No	260	113	43.46%	1.00	

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that non-economically disadvantaged students are more likely to complete their course(s) compared to economically disadvantaged students; hence, the those students who do not receive aid serve as the reference group. In comparison to the reference group, economically disadvantaged students do not meet the 80% threshold, indicating there is a slight disproportionate impact.

## Basic Skills Math Completion: Data and Analysis by Gender

Table C-16. Foothill College Math Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Gender

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	305	51.26%	152	55.27%
Male	290	48.74%	123	44.73%
Total	595	100.00%	275	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-17. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Math Completion Rates by Gender

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
Female	51.26%	55.27%	1.08
Male	48.74%	44.73%	0.92

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** on basic skills math completion by gender.

Table C-18. Foothill College Math Completion Rates and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index	
	Count	Count	Success Rate 60%IIII		
Female	305	152	49.84%	1.00	

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** on basic skills math completion by gender.

## **Basic Skills Math Completion: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY**

Table C-19. Foothill College Math Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
African American	55	9.24%	19	6.91%
American Indian	5	0.84%	1	0.36%
Asian	41	6.89%	25	9.09%
Filipino	32	5.38%	11	4.00%
Hispanic	150	25.21%	64	23.27%
Pacific Islander	21	3.53%	4	1.45%
White	231	38.82%	125	45.45%
Unknown	60	10.08%	26	9.45%
Total	595	100.00%	275	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-20. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Math Completion Rates by Ethnicity

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOL 76	30CC55 70	Proportionality
African American	9.24%	6.91%	0.75
American Indian	0.84%	0.36%	0.43
Asian	6.89%	9.09%	1.32
Filipino	5.38%	4.00%	0.74
Hispanic	25.21%	23.27%	0.92
Pacific Islander	3.53%	1.45%	0.41
White	38.82%	45.45%	1.17
Unknown	10.08%	9.45%	0.94

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index suggests there is a disproportionate impact for African-American, American Indian, Filipino, Hispanic, Pacific Islander and Unknown students in basic skills math completion since all groups are below .80. However, the disproportionate impact on Hispanic and Unknown students is very slight.

Table C-21. Foothill College Math Completion Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index
	Count	Count	Success Rate	00%ITIUEX
African American	55	19	34.55%	0.57
American Indian	5	1	20.00%	0.33
Asian	41	25	<b>60.98</b> %	1.00
Filipino	32	11	34.38%	0.56
Hispanic	150	64	42.67%	0.70
Pacific Islander	21	4	19.05%	0.31
White	231	125	54.11%	0.89
Unknown	60	26	43.33%	0.71

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that in comparison to the reference group, Asian students, all other ethnicities except White students do not meet the 80% threshold, indicating there is significant disproportionate impact for African American, American Indian, Filipino, Hispanic, Pacific Islander and Unknown students when completing Basic Skills math courses.

## Basic Skills Math Completion: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table C-22. Foothill College Math Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Age

	Enrollment	Enrollment	nrollment Sussess Count	
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
19 and under	322	54.30%	151	55.11%
20 - 24	149	25.13%	72	26.28%
25 - 49	116	19.56%	50	18.25%
50 and older	6	1.01%	1	0.36%
Total	593	100.00%	274	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-23. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Math Completion Rates by Age

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOIL %	Success %	Proportionality
19 and under	54.30%	55.11%	1.01
20 - 24	25.13%	26.28%	1.05
25 - 49	19.56%	18.25%	0.93
50 and older	1.01%	0.36%	0.36

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index suggests there is a slight disproportionate impact for students 25-49, but it is so slight that while it should be monitored, it does not warrant additional action at this time. In addition, there is a significant disproportionate impact for students 50 and older. However, the small number of students in the 50 and older cohort is not statistically significant and thus does not warrant additional action either.

Table C-24. Foothill College Math Completion Rates and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index
	Count	Count	Success Nate	007011 IUEX
19 and under	322	151	46.89%	0.97
20 - 24	149	72	48.32%	1.00
25 - 49	116	50	43.10%	0.89
50 and older	6	1	16.67%	0.34

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

#### **Analysis:**

The 80% index suggests there is a disproportionate impact for students 50 and older; however, the number of students in this age group is not statistically significant.

# Basic Skills Math Completion: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS

Table C-25. Foothill College Math Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Disability Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	66	11.09%	29	10.55%
No	529	88.91%	246	89.45%
Total	595	100.00%	275	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-26. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Math Completion Rate by Disability Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COIDIC 76	Success 70	Proportionality	
Yes	11.09%	10.55%	0.95	
No	88.91%	89.45%	1.01	

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills math completion rates by disability status.

Table C-27. Foothill College Math Completion Rates and 80% Index by Disability Status

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index	
	Count	Count	Success Nate		
Yes	66	29	43.94%	0.94	
No	529	246	<b>46.50</b> %	1.00	

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills math completion rates by disability status.

# Basic Skills Math Completion: Data and Analysis by ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STATUS

Table C-28. Foothill College Math Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate		Rate
Yes	187	31.43%	74	26.91%
No	408	68.57%	201	73.09%
Total	595	100.00%	275	100.00%

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-29. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Math Completion Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Cohort % Success %		Completion
	COIOIC 76	Success 70	Proportionality
Yes	31.43%	26.91%	0.86
No	68.57%	73.09%	1.07

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA). Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that economically disadvantaged status experience a disproportionate impact in Basic Skills math completion rates.

Table C-30. Foothill College Math Completion Rates and 80% Index by Economically Disadvantaged Status

Yes	Count 187	Count 74	39.57%	0.80
No	408	201	49.26%	1.00

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver,

Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills math completion rates for economically disadvantaged students.

# **Basic Skills English Completion: Data and Analysis by GENDER**

Table C-31. Foothill College English Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Gender

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	298	46.56%	169	51.68%
Male	342	53.44%	158	48.32%
Total	640	100.00%	327	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-32. Foothill College Proportionality Index of English Completion Rates by Gender

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
Female	46.56%	51.68%	1.11
Male	53.44%	48.32%	0.90

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows **no disproportionate impact** in English completion rates by gender.

Table C-33. Foothill College English Completion Rates and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index
	Count	Count	Success Nate	00 /011 IUCX
Female	298	169	56.71%	100
Male	342	158	46.20%	0.81

# **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills English course completion rates by gender.

# Basic Skills English Completion: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY

Table C-34. Foothill College English Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Ethnicity

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
African American	64	10.00%	26	7.95%
American Indian	4	0.63%	4	1.22%
Asian	69	10.78%	46	14.07%
Filipino	30	4.69%	13	3.98%
Hispanic	171	26.72%	78	23.85%
Pacific Islander	28	4.38%	10	3.06%
White	217	33.91%	121	37.00%
Unknown	57	8.91%	29	8.87%
Total	640	100.00%	327	100.00%

Table C-35. Foothill College Proportionality Index of English Completion Rates by Ethnicity

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COHOL %	3uccess %	Proportionality	
African American	10.00%	7.95%	0.80	
American Indian	0.63%	1.22%	1.96	
Asian	10.78%	14.07%	1.30	
Filipino	4.69%	3.98%	0.85	
Hispanic	26.72%	23.85%	0.89	
Pacific Islander	4.38%	3.06%	0.70	
White	33.91%	37.00%	1.09	
Unknown	8.91%	8.87%	1.00	

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that African American, Filipino, Hispanic and Pacific Islander students experience a disproportionate impact in the rate of completion for English Basic Skills courses.

Table C-36. Foothill College English Completion Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity

Enrollment Success		Success Date	80%index
Count	Count	Success Rate	ou%inuex
64	26	40.63%	0.61
4	4	0.00%	0.00
69	46	<b>66.67</b> %	1.00
30	13	43.33%	0.65
171	78	45.61%	0.68
28	10	35.71%	0.54
217	121	55.76%	0.84
57	29	50.88%	0.76
	Count  64  4  69  30  171  28  217	Count     Count       64     26       4     4       69     46       30     13       171     78       28     10       217     121	Count         Success Rate           64         26         40.63%           4         4         0.00%           69         46         66.67%           30         13         43.33%           171         78         45.61%           28         10         35.71%           217         121         55.76%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that in comparison to the reference group, Asian students, all other ethnicities except White students do not meet the 80% threshold, indicating there is a significant disproportionate impact for African American, American Indian, Filipino, Hispanic, Pacific Islander and Unknown students.

# Basic Skills English Completion: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table C-37. Foothill College English Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Age

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
19 and under	429	67.03%	237	72.48%
20 - 24	143	22.34%	59	18.04%
25 - 49	62	9.69%	28	8.56%
50 and older	6	0.94%	3	0.92%
Total	640	100.00%	327	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-38. Foothill College Proportionality Index of English Completion Rates by Age

	Cabart 0/	Cussess 0/	Completion
	Cohort %	Success %	Proportionality
19 and under	67.03%	72.48%	1.08
20 - 24	22.34%	18.04%	0.81
25 - 49	9.69%	8.56%	0.88
50 and older	0.94%	0.92%	0.98

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that students 20-24 and 25-49 experience a disproportionate impact by Basic Skills English completion rates while students 50 and older experience a very slight disproportionate impact. Given the small size of the 25-49 cohort and extremely small size of the 50 and older cohort, this is an area to watch but that does not currently warrant further action without additional information.

Table C-39. Foothill College English Completion Rates and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
19 and under	429	237	55.24%	1.00
20 - 24	143	59	41.26%	0.75
25 - 49	62	28	45.16%	0.82
50 and older	6	3	50.00%	0.91

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills English completion rates by for students 50 and older or 25-49. However, students 20-24 experience a disproportionate impact. Since this age group is where the college is currently experiencing growth, this disproportionate impact warrants further attention.

## **Basic Skills English Completion: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS**

Table C-40. Foothill College English Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Disability

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	71	11.09%	33	10.09%
No	569	88.91%	294	89.91%
Total	640	100.00%	327	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-41. Foothill College Proportionality Index of English Completion Rates by Disability Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOL 70	Success 70	Proportionality
Yes	11.09%	10.09%	0.91
No	88.91%	89.91%	1.01

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

Students with a disability experience a slight disproportionate impact in Basic Skills English completion rates.

Table C-42. Foothill College English Completion Rates and 80% Index by Disability Status

No	569	<b>294</b>	<b>51.67</b> %	1.00
Yes	71	33	46.48%	0.90
	Count	Count	Success Nate	0070III IGEX
	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** for students with disabilities in Basic Skills English completion rates.

# Basic Skills English Completion: Data and Analysis by ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STATUS

Table C-43. Foothill College English Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	189	29.53%	100	30.58%
No	451	70.47%	227	69.42%
Total	640	100.00%	327	100.00%

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table C-44. Foothill College Proportionality Index of English Completion Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COHOL 70	Jucces 70	Proportionality	
Yes	29.53%	30.58%	1.04	
No	70.47%	69.42%	0.99	

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills English completion rates by economically disadvantaged status.

Table C-45. Foothill College English Completion Rates and 80% Index by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Yes	189	100	52.91%	1.00
No	451	227	50.33%	0.95

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** in Basic Skills English completion rates by economically disadvantaged status.

Data on Demand – Scorecard, ethnicity, age, gender, disability, socio economic groups – 2013 Scorecard Cohort

## **GOALS AND ACTIVITIES**

# C. STUDENT SUCCESS INDICATOR FOR ESL AND BASIC SKILLS COMPLETION

"Ratio of the number of students by population group who complete a degree-applicable course after having completed the final ESL or basic skills course to the number of those students who complete such a final course"

## GOAL C.

- The Student Equity Workgroup will collaborate with the Basic Skills Workgroup, departments of English, Math, ESLL, and the Office of Research to identify the reasons why African American, Hispanic/Latino, Filipino/Pacific Islander students experience such severe disproportionate impacts as they attempt to complete Basic Skills English, Math or ESL courses.
- The Student Equity Workgroup will also collaborate with the Basic Skills Workgroup, departments of English, Math, ESLL, and the Office of Research to determine why students 20-24 and 25-49 experience a disproportionate impact when attempting to complete Basic Skills English and ESL courses.

**ACTIVITY C.1** (Please include the target date in chronological order and identify the responsible person/group for each activity)

### Year 1

• Coordinate with the Office of Research to develop a research project to understand why

- African American, Hispanic/Latino, Filipino/Pacific Islander students and students aged 20-24 and 25-49 experience disproportionate impacts when attempting to complete ESL and Basic Skills course sequences.
- Collaborate with math, English and ESLL faculty to understand barriers to success in these programs, identify current intervention efforts, and identify how the Student Equity Workgroup can support and build on these efforts.

### Year 2

• Implement research agenda and then identify specific goals and activities based on new data.

### Year 3

- Start implementing new goals based on new data.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of activities selected in year 2.

### **EXPECTED OUTCOME C.1.1**

- By June 30, 2015, the Student Equity Workgroup will have developed a research project and collaborated with math, English and ESLL faculty to better understand why African American, Hispanic/Latino, Filipino/Pacific Islander students and students aged 20-24 and 25-49 experience disproportionate impacts in the sequence completion rates ESL and Basic Skills.
- By June 30, 2016, the Student Equity Workgroup will have implemented its research agenda and identified specific goals and activities to increase the sequence completion rates of African American, Hispanic/Latino, Filipino/Pacific Islander students and students aged 20-24 and 25-49 in ESL and Basic Skills.
- By June 30, 2017, the Student Equity Workgroup will have implemented at least one new activity designed to achieve one of the goals selected in year 2.

### **CAMPUS-BASED RESEARCH**

## A. DEGREE and CERTIFICATE COMPLETION.

Ratio of the number of students by population group who receive a degree or certificate to the number of students in that group with the same informed matriculation goal.

# Degree and Certificate Completion: Data and Analysis by GENDER

Table D-1. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Gender

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cusacas Caunat	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	453	46.99%	315	49.68%
Male	510	52.90%	318	50.16%
Unknown	1	0.10%	1	0.16%
Total	964	100.00%	634	100.00%

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort: first-time credit students earning >=6 units and attempting a Math or English course during the first three years who are tracked for six years)

Table D-2. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Gender

	Cobort 0/	Cussess 0/	Completion	
	Cohort %	Success %	Proportionality	
Female	46.99%	49.68%	1.06	
Male	52.90%	50.16%	0.95	
Unknown	0.10%	0.16%	1.52	

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher. Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that there is only a statistically negligible difference in completion rates and thus **no disproportionate impact** for degree or certificate completion by gender.

Table D-3. Foothill College Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment	Success	Cussom Data	90% inday	
	Count	Count	Success Rate	80%index	
Female	453	315	69.54%	0.70	
Male	510	318	62.35%	0.62	
Unknown	1	1	100.00%	1.00	

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher. Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

While the 1 Unknown student is the reference group, the 80% index shows that there is only a statistically negligible difference in completion rates between males and females and thus **no disproportionate impact** for degree or certificate completion by gender.

# Degree and Certificate Completion: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY

Table D-4. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Ethnicity

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
African American	48	4.98%	25	3.94%
American Indian	3	0.31%	1	0.16%
Asian	240	24.90%	212	33.44%
Filipino	27	2.80%	16	2.52%
Hispanic	158	16.39%	74	11.67%
Pacific Islander	16	1.66%	10	1.58%
White	376	39.00%	237	37.38%
Unknown	96	9.96%	59	9.31%
Total	964	100.00%	634	100.00%

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-5. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Ethnicity

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOL 76	30CC 50	Proportionality
African American	4.98%	3.94%	0.79
American Indian	0.31%	0.16%	0.51
Asian	24.90%	33.44%	1.34
Filipino	2.80%	2.52%	0.90
Hispanic	16.39%	11.67%	0.71
Pacific Islander	1.66%	1.58%	0.95
White	39.00%	37.38%	0.96
Unknown	9.96%	9.31%	0.93

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that African American, American Indian, and Hispanic students experience a disproportionate impact when comparing degree and certificate completion rates. In addition, Filipino, Pacific Islander, White and Unknown students experience a slight yet statistically negligible disproportionate impact.

Table D-6. Foothill College Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) and 80% Index by Ethnicity

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
African American	48	25	52.08%	0.59
American Indian	3	1	33.33%	0.38
Asian	240	212	<b>88.33</b> %	1.00
Filipino	27	16	59.26%	0.67
Hispanic	158	74	46.84%	0.53
Pacific Islander	16	10	62.50%	0.71
White	376	237	63.03%	0.71
Unknown	96	59	61.46%	0.70

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that all groups experience a disproportionate impact in comparison to the reference group: Asian students.

# Degree and Certificate Completion: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table D-7. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Age

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
19 and under	814	84.44%	553	87.22%
20 - 24	88	9.13%	47	7.41%
25 - 49	53	5.50%	28	4.42%
50 and older	5	0.52%	3	0.47%
Unknown	4	0.41%	3	0.47%
Total	964	100.00%	634	100.00%

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# Table D-8. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Age

Cohort % Success % Completion Proportionality

19 and under	84.44%	87.22%	1.03
20 - 24	9.13%	7.41%	0.81
25 - 49	5.50%	4.42%	0.80
50 and older	0.52%	0.47%	0.91
Unknown	0.41%	0.47%	1.14

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows students 20-24, 25-49, and 50 and older experience a disproportionate impact when comparing degree and certificate completion rates. However, the small size of the 50 and older cohort is extremely small, which makes it difficult to formulate conclusions.

Table D-9. Foothill College Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
19 and under	814	553	67.94%	0.91
20 - 24	88	47	53.41%	0.71
25 - 49	53	28	52.83%	0.70
50 and older	5	3	60.00%	0.80
Unknown	4	3	<b>75.00</b> %	1.00

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows students 20-24, 25-49, and 50 and older experience a disproportionate impact when comparing degree and certificate completion rates. Although it appears that the 19 and under cohort experiences a slight disproportionate impact, this only in comparison to the anomalous and tiny Unknown cohort (n=4).

Degree and Certificate Completion: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS

Table D-10. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Disability Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cusses Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	73	7.57%	29	4.57%
No	891	92.43%	605	95.43%
Total	964	100.00%	634	100.00%

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher. Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# Table D-11. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Disability Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
Yes	7.57%	4.57%	0.60
No	92.43%	95.43%	1.03

Note:  $SP\overline{AR}$  is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows students with disabilities experience a disproportionate impact when comparing degree and certificate completion rates. However, the small size of the cohort as well as student goals could affect the data. More research needs to be done.

Table D-12. Foothill College Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) and 80% Index by Disability Status

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Yes	73	29	39.73%	0.59
No	891	605	<b>67.90</b> %	1.00

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows students with disabilities experience a disproportionate impact when comparing degree and certificate completion rates.

# Degree and Certificate Completion: Data and Analysis by ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STATUS

Table D-13. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cuccoss Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	305	31.64%	175	27.60%
No	659	68.36%	459	72.40%
Total	964	100.00%	634	100.00%

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-14. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOIT %	Success 70	Proportionality
Yes	31.64%	27.60%	0.87
No	68.36%	72.40%	1.06

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60 UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0 or higher.

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that economically disadvantaged students experience a disproportionate impact when comparing degree and certificate completion rates.

Table D-15. Foothill College Student Progress and Attainment Rate (SPAR) and 80% Index by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	90% indov
	Count	Count	Success Nate	007011 IUEX
Yes	305	175	57.38%	0.82
No	659	459	<b>69.65</b> %	1.00

Note: SPAR is defined as having earned an AA/A, Certificate of Achievement, transfer to a four-year institution or completion of 60~UC/CSU transferable units with a GPA of 2.0~o higher.

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver,

Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** for economically disadvantaged students when comparing degree and certificate completion rates.

# Percentages of Persistence: Data and Analysis by GENDER

Table D-16. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Persistence Rate by Gender

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	453	46.99%	315	47.80%
Male	510	52.90%	344	52.20%
Unknown	1	0.10%	0	0.00%
Total	964	100.00%	659	100.00%

Note: Persistence is defined as enrollment in first four consecutive quarter terms..

Table D-17. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Persistence Rates by Gender

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COHOL 70	Success %	Proportionality	
Female	46.99%	47.80%	1.02	
Male	52.90%	52.20%	0.99	
Unknown	0.10%	0.00%	0.00	

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows no disproportionate impact by gender when comparing persistence rates.

Table D-18. Foothill College Persistence Rates and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	90% indov	
	Count	Count	Success Rate	80%index	
Female	453	315	69.54%	1.00	
Male	510	344	67.45%	0.97	
Unknown	1	0	0.00%	0.00	

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows no disproportionate impact by gender when comparing persistence rates.

# Percentages of Persistence: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY

Table D-19. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Persistence Rates by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Enrollment	nrollment Success Count	
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
African American	48	4.98%	32	4.86%
American Indian	3	0.31%	2	0.30%
Asian	240	24.90%	190	28.83%
Filipino	27	2.80%	21	3.19%
Hispanic	158	16.39%	98	14.87%
Pacific Islander	16	1.66%	9	1.37%
White	376	39.00%	244	37.03%
Unknown	96	9.96%	63	9.56%
Total	964	100.00%	659	100.00%

Table D-20. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Persistence Rates by Ethnicity

Cobort 0/	Success 0/	Completion
COHOL 76	Success 70	Proportionality
4.98%	4.86%	0.98
0.31%	0.30%	0.98
24.90%	28.83%	1.16
2.80%	3.19%	1.14
16.39%	14.87%	0.91
1.66%	1.37%	0.82
39.00%	37.03%	0.95
9.96%	9.56%	0.96
	0.31% 24.90% 2.80% 16.39% 1.66% 39.00% 9.96%	4.98%       4.86%         0.31%       0.30%         24.90%       28.83%         2.80%       3.19%         16.39%       14.87%         1.66%       1.37%         39.00%       37.03%

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that Pacific Islanders experience a disproportionate impact in persistence rates. In addition, African American, American Indian, Hispanic, White and Unknown students experience a slight disproportionate impact.

Table D-21. Foothill College Persistence Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Success	Cussoss Data	80%index
	Count	Count	Success Rate	80%INGEX
African American	48	32	66.67%	0.84
American Indian	3	2	66.67%	0.84
Asian	240	190	<b>79.17</b> %	1.00
Filipino	27	21	77.78%	0.98
Hispanic	158	98	62.03%	0.78
Pacific Islander	16	9	56.25%	0.71
White	376	244	64.89%	0.82
Unknown	96	63	65.63%	0.83
Source: 2013 Student Suc	cess Scorecard (2006-	07 cohort)		

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that Pacific Islander and Hispanic students experience a disproportionate impact in persistence rates.

# Percentages of Persistence: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table D-22. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Persistence Rates by Age

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
19 and under	814	84.44%	563	85.43%
20 - 24	88	9.13%	54	8.19%
25 - 49	53	5.50%	37	5.61%
50 and older	5	0.52%	3	0.46%
Unknown	4	0.41%	2	0.30%
Total	964	100.00%	659	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-23. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Persistence Rates by Age

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
19 and under	84.44%	85.43%	1.01
20 - 24	9.13%	8.19%	0.90
25 - 49	5.50%	5.61%	1.02
50 and older	0.52%	0.46%	0.88
50 and older	0.41%	0.30%	0.73

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that students 20-24 and 50 and older experience a slight disproportionate impact in persistence rates.

Table D-24. Foothill College Persistence Rates and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index	
	Count	Count	Success Rate	ou7011 luex	
19 and under	814	563	69.16%	0.99	
20 - 24	88	54	61.36%	0.88	
25 - 49	53	37	<b>69.81</b> %	1.00	
50 and older	5	3	60.00%	0.86	
Unknown	4	2	50.00%	0.72	

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** in persistence rates. However, there is a disproportionate impact for Unknown students, but the cohort size is too small to draw meaningful conclusions from.

# Percentages of Persistence: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS

Table D-25. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Persistence Rates by Disability Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cussess Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	73	7.57%	52	7.89%
No	891	92.43%	607	92.11%
Total	964	100.00%	659	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-26. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Persistence Rates by Disability Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOIT 76	Success %	Proportionality
Yes	7.57%	7.89%	1.04
No	92.43%	92.11%	1.00
	2012 0: 1 : 0 . 0	1 (200 < 07 1	

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows **no disproportionate impact** for students with disabilities in persistence rates.

Table D-27. Foothill College Persistence Rates and 80% Index by Disability Status

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Yes	73	52	71.23%	1.00
No	891	607	68.13%	0.96

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** for students with disabilities in persistence rates.

# Percentages of Persistence: Data and Analysis by ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STATUS

Table D-28. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Persistence Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cuscoss Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	305	31.64%	193	29.29%
No	659	68.36%	466	70.71%
Total	964	100.00%	659	100.00%

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-29. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Persistence Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COHOL 70	Success 70	Proportionality	
Yes	31.64%	29.29%	0.93	
No	68.36%	70.71%	1.03	

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC,

SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows a slight disproportionate impact for economically disadvantaged students in persistence rates.

Table D-30. Foothill College Persistence Rates and 80% Index by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index
	Count	Count	Success Nate	0070111UEX
Yes	305	193	63.28%	0.89
No	659	466	<b>70.71</b> %	1.00

 $Note: Economically\ Disadvantaged\ is\ defined\ as\ a\ recipient\ of\ CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC,\ SSI,\ BOG\ fee\ waiver,$ 

Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** for economically disadvantaged students in persistence rates.

# 30 Units Attainment: Data and Analysis by GENDER

Table D-31. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of 30 Units Attainment Rate by Gender

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Female	453	46.99%	341	48.37%
Male	510	52.90%	364	51.63%
Unknowr	1	0.10%	0	0.00%
Total	964	100.00%	705	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-32. Foothill College Proportionality Index of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Gender

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COHOL %	Success %	Proportionality	
Female	46.99%	48.37%	1.03	
Male	52.90%	51.63%	0.98	
Unknowr	0.10%	0.00%	0.00	

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows virtually **no disproportionate impact** by gender in the attainment of 30 units.

Table D-33. Foothill College 30 Unit Attainment Rate and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index	
	Count	Count	Success Rate	80%ITIUEX	
Female	453	341	75.28%	1.00	
Male	510	364	71.37%	0.95	
Unknowr	1	0	0.00%	0.00	

# **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** by gender in the attainment of 30 units.

# 30 Units Attainment: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY

Table D-34. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Couric	Rate
African American	48	4.98%	30	4.26%
American Indian	3	0.31%	2	0.28%
Asian	240	24.90%	201	28.51%
Filipino	27	2.80%	19	2.70%
Hispanic	158	16.39%	107	15.18%
Pacific Islander	16	1.66%	12	1.70%
White	376	39.00%	262	37.16%
Unknown	96	9.96%	72	10.21%
Total	964	100.00%	705	100.00%

Table D-35. Foothill College Proportionality Index of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Ethnicity

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOL 76	5uccess 70	Proportionality
African American	4.98%	4.26%	0.85
American Indian	0.31%	0.28%	0.91
Asian	24.90%	28.51%	1.15
Filipino	2.80%	2.70%	0.96
Hispanic	16.39%	15.18%	0.93
Pacific Islander	1.66%	1.70%	1.03
White	39.00%	37.16%	0.95
Unknown	9.96%	10.21%	1.03

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows African Americans experience a disproportionate impact and are less likely to attain 30 units.

Table D-36. Foothill College 30 Unit Attainment Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index
	Count	Count	Success rate	007011 IUEX
African American	48	30	62.50%	0.75
American Indian	3	2	66.67%	0.80
Asian	240	201	<b>83.75</b> %	1.00
Filipino	27	19	70.37%	0.84
Hispanic	158	107	67.72%	0.81
Pacific Islander	16	12	75.00%	0.90
White	376	262	69.68%	0.83
Unknown	96	72	75.00%	0.90

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

# **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that African Americans experience a disproportionate impact and are less likely to attain 30 units.

# 30 Units Attainment: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table D-37. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Age

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
19 and under	814	84.44%	598	84.82%
20 - 24	88	9.13%	65	9.22%
25 - 49	53	5.50%	36	5.11%
50 and older	5	0.52%	4	0.57%
Unknown	4	0.41%	2	0.28%
Total	964	100.00%	705	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-38. Foothill College Proportionality Index of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Age

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
19 and under	84.44%	84.82%	1.00
20 - 24	9.13%	9.22%	1.01
25 - 49	5.50%	5.11%	0.93
50 and older	0.52%	0.57%	1.09
Unknown	0.41%	0.28%	0.68

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows **no disproportionate impact** by gender in attaining 30 units. Although Unknown students experience a disproportionate impact, the population size is so small (n=4) that is hard to draw meaningful conclusions for that group.

Table D-39. Foothill College 30 Units Attainment Rates and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index	
	Count	Count	Success Rate	607011 IUEX	
19 and under	814	598	73.46%	0.92	
20 - 24	88	65	73.86%	0.92	
25 - 49	53	36	67.92%	0.85	
50 and older	5	4	<b>80.00</b> %	1.00	
Unknown	4	2	50.00%	0.63	

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows **no disproportionate impact** by gender in attaining 30 units--with the exception of Unknown students.

# 30 Units Attainment: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS

Table D-40. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Disability Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Success Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	73	7.57%	53	7.52%
No	891	92.43%	652	92.48%
Total	964	100.00%	705	100.00%

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-41. Foothill College Proportionality Index of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Disability Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
Yes	7.57%	7.52%	0.99
No	92.43%	92.48%	1.00

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows **no disproportionate impact** by disability status in attaining 30 units.

Table D-42. Foothill College 30 Units Attainment Rates and 80% Index by Disability Status

	Count	Count	Success Rate	00 /011 IUEX	
	· · · ·	Couric		ou%index	
Yes	73	53	72.60%	0.99	
No	891	652	<b>73.18</b> %	1.00	

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows **no disproportionate impact** by disability status in attaining 30 units.

# **30 Units Attainment: Data and Analysis by ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STATUS**

Table D-43. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cussess Count	Success
	Count	Rate	Success Count	Rate
Yes	305	31.64%	231	32.77%
No	659	68.36%	474	67.23%
Total	964	100.00%	705	100.00%

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

Table D-44. Foothill College Proportionality Index of 30 Units Attainment Rates by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion	
	COHOIL 70	<b>3</b> 000000000000000000000000000000000000	Proportionality	
Yes	31.64%	32.77%	1.04	
No	68.36%	67.23%	0.98	

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA). Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows virtually **no disproportionate impact** by economically disadvantaged status in attaining 30 units.

Table D-45. Foothill College 30 Units Attainment Rates and 80% Index by Economically Disadvantaged Status

	Enrollment	Success	Success Rate	80%index
	Count	Count		
Yes	305	231	<b>75.74</b> %	1.00
No	659	474	71.93%	0.95

Note: Economically Disadvantaged is defined as a recipient of CalWORKIS/TANF/AFDC, SSI, BOG fee waiver, Pell grant, Workforce Investment Act (WIA).

Source: 2013 Student Success Scorecard (2006-07 cohort)

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows **no disproportionate impact** by economically disadvantaged status in attaining 30 units.

SPAR, persistence, 30 unit completion

## **GOALS AND ACTIVITIES**

# D. STUDENT SUCCESS INDICATOR FOR DEGREE AND CERTIFICATE COMPLETION

"Ratio of the number of students by population group who receive a degree or certificate to the number of students in that group with the same informed matriculation goal"

### GOAL D.

 Although there are incidents of disproportionate impact by ethnicity and age, the Student Equity Workgroup has decided to focus on increasing course success rates with the expectation that the implementation of strategies that improve course success may also identify other methods that may increase the degree and certificate completion rates for disproportionately impacted groups.

**ACTIVITY D.1** (Please include the target date in chronological order and identify the responsible person/group for each activity)

• No activities have been selected.

## **EXPECTED OUTCOME D.1.1**

• None.

### CAMPUS-BASED RESEARCH

**A. TRANSFER.** Ratio of the number of students by population group who complete a minimum of 12 units and have attempted a transfer level course in mathematics or English to the number of students in that group who actually transfer after one or more (up to six) years.

Transfer: Data and Analysis by GENDER

Table E-1. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Transfer Rates by Gender

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success
	Enrolline Counc	Em om rene race	SACCESS COURTE	Rate
Female	438	49.05%	255	50.30%
Male	455	50.95%	252	49.70%
Total	893	100.00%	507	100.00%

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

Table E-2. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Transfer Rates by Gender

	Cohort %	ohort % Success %	
			Proportionality
Female	49.05%	50.30%	1.03
Male	50.95%	49.70%	0.98

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index suggests that there is **no disproportionate impact** when evaluating the transfer rates of men and women.

Table E-3. Foothill College Transfer Rates and 80% Index by Gender

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Female	438	255	58.22%	1.00
Male	455	252	55.38%	0.95

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index suggests that there is **no disproportionate impact** when evaluating the transfer rates of men and women.

Transfer: Data and Analysis by ETHNICITY

Table E-4. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Transfer Rates by Ethnicity

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success
	ETITOIITHE IL COUTL	ETITOIITTE IL Rate	Success Count	Rate
African-American	37	4.14%	19	3.75%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	3	0.34%	1	0.20%
Asian	248	27.77%	177	34.91%
Filipino	25	2.80%	12	2.37%
Hispanic	124	13.89%	50	9.86%
Pacific Islander	13	1.46%	6	1.18%
Unknown	91	10.19%	50	9.86%
White Non-Hispanic	352	39.42%	192	37.87%
Total	893	100.00%	507	100.00%

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

Table E-5. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Transfer Rates by Ethnicity

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion
	COHOIL %	Success %	Proportionality
African-American	4.14%	3.75%	0.90
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.34%	0.20%	0.59
Asian	27.77%	34.91%	1.26
Filipino	2.80%	2.37%	0.85
Hispanic	13.89%	9.86%	0.71
Pacific Islander	1.46%	1.18%	0.81
Unknown	10.19%	9.86%	0.97
White Non-Hispanic	39.42%	37.87%	0.96

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that every group except for Asian students experience a disproportionate impact when comparing transfer rates. The most alarming disproportionate impact affects Hispanic, Pacific Islander, and Filipino students. Although African-American and White Non-Hispanic students experience a disproportionate impact, the impact is marginally less severe than that experienced by other populations. While American Indian students technically experience the most severe disproportionate impact, the small size of the American Indian population in this demographic makes it hard to make larger conclusions.

Table E-6. Foothill College Transfer Rates and 80% Index by Ethnicity

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
African-American	37	19	51.35%	0.72
American Indian/Alaskan Native	3	1	33.33%	0.47
Asian	248	<b>177</b>	<b>71.37</b> %	1.00
Filipino	25	12	48.00%	0.67
Hispanic	124	50	40.32%	0.56
Pacific Islander	13	6	46.15%	0.65
Unknown	91	50	54.95%	0.77
White Non-Hispanic	352	192	54.55%	0.76

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that every group experiences a disproportionate impact in comparison to the reference group, Asian students, when comparing transfer rates. The most alarming disproportionate impact affects Hispanic, Pacific Islander, and Filipino students. Although African-American and White Non-Hispanic students experience a disproportionate impact, the impact is marginally less severe than that experienced by other populations. While American Indian students technically experience the most severe disproportionate impact, the small size of the American Indian population in this demographic makes it hard to make larger conclusions.

Transfer: Data and Analysis by AGE

Table E-7. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Transfer Rates by Age

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
19 and under	755	84.55%	459	90.53%
20 - 24	73	8.17%	33	6.51%
25 - 49	47	5.26%	12	2.37%
50 and older	4	0.45%	0	0.00%
Unknown	14	1.57%	3	0.59%
Total	893	100.00%	507	100.00%

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

Table E-8. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Transfer Rates by Age

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
19 and under	84.55%	90.53%	1.07
20 - 24	8.17%	6.51%	0.80
25 - 49	5.26%	2.37%	0.45
50 and older	0.45%	0.00%	0.00
Unknown	1.57%	0.59%	0.38

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

# **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that students 20-24, 25-49 and 50 and older experience a disproportionate impact when comparing transfer rates. More research needs to be done to determine whether the disproportionate impact experienced by students 25-49 and 50 and older is actually concerning because they may have different career goals or apply for entry into CTE programs at higher rates.

Table E-9. Foothill College Transfer Rates and 80% Index by Age

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80% index
19 and under	755	459	60.79%	1.00
20 - 24	73	33	45.21%	0.74
25 - 49	47	12	25.53%	0.42
50 and older	4	0	0.00%	0.00
Unknown	14	3	21.43%	0.35

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index also shows that students 20-24, 25-49 and 50 and older experience a disproportionate impact when comparing transfer rates. Although students 25-49 and 50 and older experience a severe disproportionate impact, these initial numbers may not be quite so concerning because there could be a number of reasons why these students do not transfer. For instance, it would be helpful to know many students over the age of 25 want to transfer and set that as a goal. Another possibility is that students over 25 may have different career goals or plan to go into CTE programs that require courses that require students to be "transfer ready" by

taking transfer-level English or math classes. More research needs to be done to know whether older students aren't reaching their goal of transferring or if there are other important factors-such as educational and career goals--that need to be considered. Looking ahead, the 20-24 student population is growing, so this is an area that needs to be watched closely.

# Transfer: Data and Analysis by DISABILITY STATUS

Table E-10. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Transfer Rates by Disability Status

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
				nale
Yes	47	5.26%	19	3.75%
No	846	94.74%	488	96.25%
Total	893	100.00%	507	100.00%

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

Table E-11. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Transfer Rates by Disability Status

	Cabant %	Success 9/	Completion	
	Cohort %	Success %	Proportionality	
Yes	5.26%	3.75%	0.71	
No	94.74%	96.25%	1.02	

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that students with disability experience a disproportionate impact when comparing transfer rates. However, the small size of the disabled student population makes it difficult to draw conclusions. This is another area to monitor.

Table E-12. Foothill College Transfer Rates and 80% Index by Disability Status

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Yes	47	19	40.43%	0.70
No	846	488	<b>57.68</b> %	1.00

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that students with disability experience a disproportionate impact when comparing transfer rates. However, more research needs to be done to determine the causes and possible interventions to eliminate this disproportionate impact. For instance, does the type of disability, date of diagnosis or some other factor affect these numbers? It is plausible that if there is a disparity in the transfer rates of students with learning and physical disabilities that the types of interventions would vary dramatically--such as additional tutorial support or additional physical accommodations on campus.

Transfer: Data and Analysis by CalWORKs

Table E-13. Foothill College Cohort and Completion Counts and Percentages of Transfer Rates by CalWORKs

	Enrollment Count	Enrollment Rate	Success Count	Success Rate
Yes	2	0.22%	1	0.20%
No	891	99.78%	506	99.80%
Total	893	100.00%	507	100.00%

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

Table E-14. Foothill College Proportionality Index of Transfer Rates by CalWORKs

	Cohort %	Success %	Completion Proportionality
Yes	0.22%	0.20%	0.88
No	99.78%	99.80%	1.00

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

### **Analysis:**

The proportionality index shows that CalWORKs students experience a disproportionate impact when comparing transfer rates. However, the extremely small size of the CalWORKs cohort is statistically insignificant.

Table E-15. Foothill College Transfer Rates and 80% Index by CalWORKs

	Enrollment Count	Success Count	Success Rate	80%index
Yes	2	1	50.00%	0.88
No	891	<b>506</b>	<b>56.79</b> %	1.00

Source: Transfer Velocity Project (2006-07 cohort), CCCCO Data Mart

SPAR transfer or transfer prepared

## **Analysis:**

The 80% index shows that there is **no disproportionate impact** for CalWORKs students when comparing transfer rates.

## **GOALS AND ACTIVITIES**

### E. STUDENT SUCCESS INDICATOR FOR TRANSFER

"Ratio of the number of students by population group who complete a minimum of 12 units and have attempted a transfer level course in mathematics or English to the number of students in that group who actually transfer after one or more (up to six) years"

### GOAL E.

• Although there are incidents of disproportionate impact by ethnicity and age, the implementation of the AA-T degrees, which is currently underway, will likely have a dramatic effect on the transfer rates in the near future. In light of these significant changes, the Student Equity Workgroup has not selected any transfer goals at this time. It is likely that more accurate information will be available when the next Student Equity Plan is being drafted that will enable the Student Equity Workgroup to develop goals that address the expected changes in transfer rates.

**ACTIVITY E.1** (Please include the target date in chronological order and identify the responsible person/group for each activity)

• No activities have been selected.

## **EXPECTED OUTCOME E.1.1**

• None.